Library Services process framework for open access

1. Summary

The intention of this document is to set out the University's framework for ensuring that publications authored by University researchers are made Open Access (OA), where applicable.

a. Open Access mandate

Staffordshire University is committed to the principles of open access to research outputs. The University's Open Access Mandate can be read here:

Staffordshire University Open Access Mandate

b. Responsibilities of the Library Services STORE Team

- To provide a service where researchers can be helped to comply with applicable OA requirements
- To assist researchers with the deposit of their research outputs within the institutional repository
 <u>STORE</u> both respecting the licensing terms and conditions of the publishers and in accordance with
 the Research Excellence Framework (REF) 2021 Open Access requirements
- To review and update the records held in <u>STORE</u>, including the management of embargo periods where appropriate
- To record compliance of deposits where appropriate in accordance with the REF 2021 OA policy and disseminate this to relevant parties
- To apply exceptions where appropriate in accordance with the REF 2021 policy
- To maintain <u>STORE</u> to facilitate the preservation of Staffordshire University research outputs
- To promote OA to researchers, students, and the university as a whole

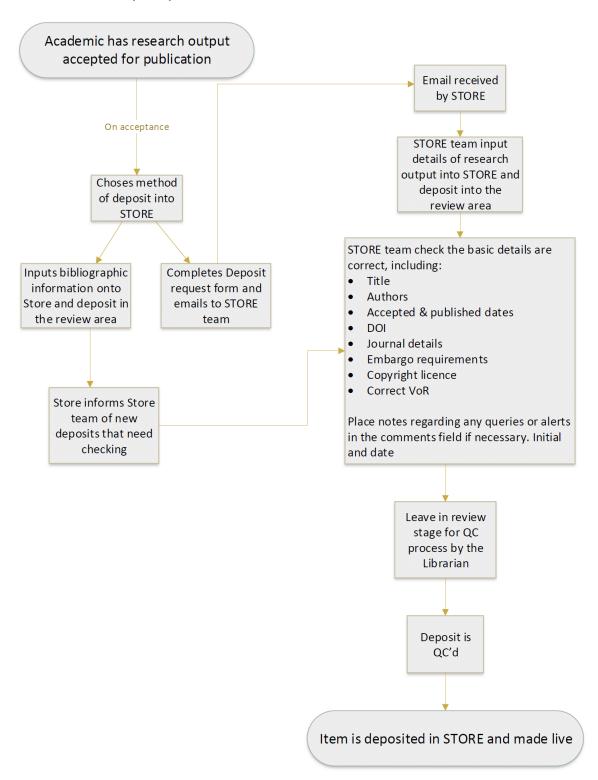
c. Responsibilities of Staffordshire University Researchers

- To upload all their research outputs to <u>STORE</u> in a timely manner in accordance with both the Universities OA mandate and the REF 2021 OA policy
- To ensure that the correct version of a manuscript is uploaded with the research output in accordance with the REF 2021 OA policy (This should be the Author Accepted Manuscript (AAM))
- To engage with the information offered by the University on OA matters and to attend training sessions and workshops as appropriate
- To engage with the wider academic community with regards to the current policies on OA and REF
 2021
- To make every effort to respond to requests for their embargoed work via the request a copy function within STORE
- To contact the relevant teams with any queries relating to OA or REF 2021

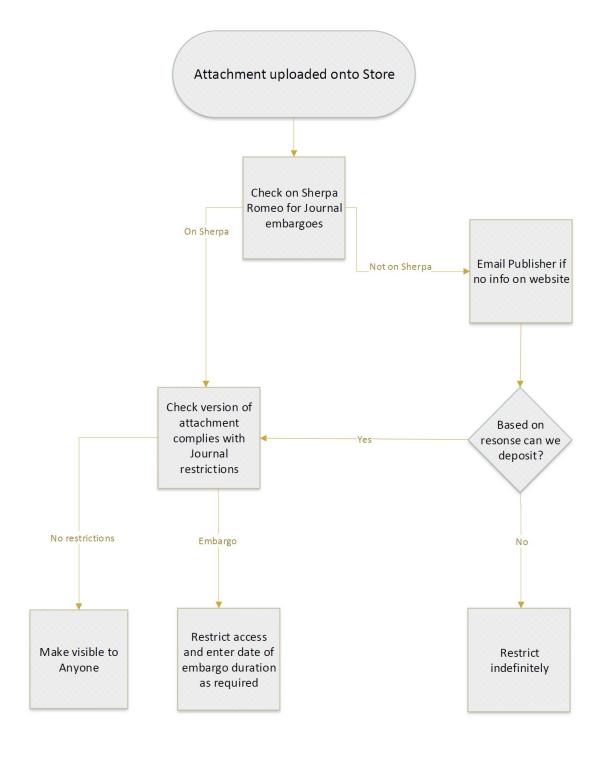
2. Process for managing compliance with the REF open access policy

Process of deposit

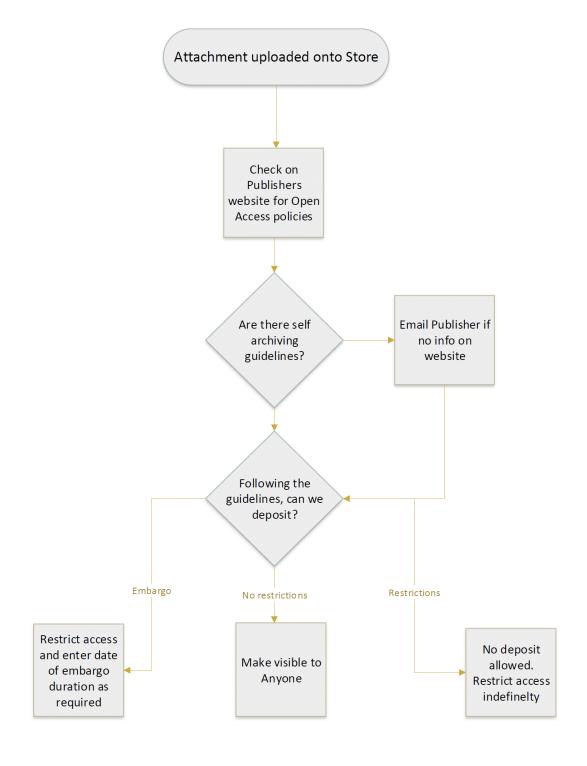
- a. A description of the deposit process
- i. Research output deposit



ii. Process of application of an embargo for articles



iii. Process of application of an embargo for books and book chapters



Data sources used

b. A description of the sources of	Possible risks	How validated / risk minimised
data that are used in the process		
Acceptance date.	Incorrect dates added into initial STORE deposit	Deposits are checked and then QC'd date is verified if available on journal site
Date of first availability (usually online publication date).	Missing or incorrect dates added into initial STORE deposit	Deposits are checked and then QC'd date is verified if available on journal site
Date of first (repository) open access.		Use Repository REF CC checker
Repository embargo length		Use information provided by Sherpa Romeo / publisher sites / email communication with publisher
Date of first (repository) compliant deposit		Use Repository REF CC checker
REF panel		Provided by RIIS
REF "Gold" open access status.		Decision based on the REF definition and the Staffordshire University interpretation of this. This status is verified by checking the status of the original article via either the journal site, SCOPUS. Where necessary we will contact the publisher for advice.

REF elements

	How validated / risk minimised
	ISSN is a valid ISSN
Possible risks	How validated / risk minimised
F	Possible risks

Deposited to institutional repository within 3-months of acceptance, or 3-months of first availability (usually online publication) for publications accepted on or before 31 March 2018 back to 01 April 2016 (relaxation of compliance period).		
Repository open access granted (download, read, search) to compliant manuscript with 1 month of any publisher embargo period ending.		
REF OA policy publisher compliant embargo period is a maximum of 12 months for REF Panels A and B, 24 months for Panels C and D, and 24 months for interdisciplinary research		
Not compliant with policy		
Any in scope research outputs not meeting above criteria are classed as not compliant.		
Any research output with a valid REF Open Access policy exception is classed as eligible via a formal policy exception.		
iii. Using a valid exception. In particular, how the process ensures that the appropriate exception is used, and avoids overly broad interpretations of exceptions, especially the 'other' exception.	Possible risks	How validated / risk minimised
Any in scope research outputs that are deemed non-compliant are flagged in the monthly STORE deposit report which is sent to RIIS and the UoA leads.	Researchers may be unaware that their item is non-compliant Researchers asking for an exception to be applied on their behalf.	A monthly report is pulled from STORE, which is then run through our compliance checking spreadsheet. Each deposit is individually checked
Guidance based on the REF exceptions criteria is provided to relevant parties to choose an exception if relevant (see appendix i. or the research publishing guide)	Researchers may be reluctant to provide evidence to the STORE team regarding personal circumstances.	for compliance (using the compliance checker as best we can) Non-compliant deposits are flagged and a reason given. The report is sent to the REF task and finish group / the UoA leads who should contact the researcher and advise them

Researchers are advised to contact a member of the STORE team for further advice if necessary.

Where an exception is to be applied the STORE team require the exception type and a statement in email form from the researcher and if available, evidence backing up the choice of exception(the researcher is made aware that they may need to provide further evidence backing up their exception.

that an exception needs to be applied

The STORE team can only advise on the most appropriate exception where they are told the reason for non-compliance. The researcher is advised to use the information made available in appendix 1. talk to the UoA lead or RIIS for additional support if the STORE team cannot advise any further.

Researchers are not expected to provide specific evidence regarding personal matters to the STORE team, it is expected that this will be collected via the UoA / RIIS team where appropriate.

d. GOLD Open Access

How the HEI addresses 'Gold' open	Possible risks	How validated / risk minimised
access.		
REF policy definition of GOLD open Access: Some UK funders have a preference for gold open access. 'Gold' open access usually means the immediate, permanent, and free to access availability of the published version of record on the publisher's website and with a licence that permits copying and reuse. Outputs that are made open access through the 'gold' route, at the point of first publication, in accordance with other funder's requirements and definitions, meet the requirement of the REF 2021 open access policy. HEIs will need to confirm that outputs were available immediately after publication via the gold route.		This status is verified by checking the status of the original article via either the journal site, SCOPUS. Where necessary we will contact the publisher for advice.
Staffordshire University interprets GOLD open access as a research output where either: a GOLD OA fee has been paid Or The publication makes the research available freely and permanently to the public with waived OA fees, no subscription wall and is free to access on publication.		

Staff training

e. Measures to train staff on the	Possible risks	How validated / risk minimised
process, and the monitoring of	1 0351010 115105	Tion fandated / Tion Timinioed
the operation of the process.		
STORE staff are have a monthly		
meeting to disseminate		
information to the team		
regarding Research within the		
University, STORE, OA and REF		
requirements.		
TI STORE!		
The STORE team have a dedicated		
email account to discuss issues		
and solutions.		
T		
Training is offered where		
appropriate on the STORE process		
and updates are disseminated		
when necessary		
Research and Digital resources		
Librarian attends the REF Task		
and Finish group meeting and		
regularly meets with relevant		
staff in RIIS		
Updates skills and knowledge by		
undertaking professional		
development by attending		
external meetings / workshops		
and training sessions and is a		
member of relevant special		
interest groups, such as:		
o UK-CORR		
o JISC-Repositories		
o LIS-ResearchSupport		
o OA Goodpractice		
Also presents at conferences and		
workshops regarding research		
related subjects:		
o UKSG		
o LibTeachmeets		
Learning and information		
manager training attends the		
Research and Innovation		
Committee meeting to keep up to		
date with University policy		
Updates skills and knowledge by		
undertaking professional		
development by attending		
external meetings / workshops		
and training sessions and is a		
member of relevant special		
interest groups, such as:		
o UK-CORR		
o JISC-Repositories		
o LIS-ResearchSupport		

a OA Coodpractice	<u> </u>	
o OA Goodpractice		
Internal staff training (Library		
staff)		
Internal staff training – Sessions		
are regularly offered on STORE,		
Metrics, Open access		
Research staff are encouraged to		
have one-one meetings with the		
Research and Digital Resources		
Librarian to get an overview of		
the process of deposit in STORE		
and the OA landscape of the		
university and the wider		
academic community		
Research staff are encouraged to		
email or phone the Research and		
Digital Resources Librarian when		
they have queries relating to OA,		
STORE deposit.		
School research meetings:		
The Research and Digital		
Resources Librarian attends these		
where appropriate to disseminate		
and promote information about		
the importance of OA, STORE		
deposit, the REF 2021 and to		
create an awareness of the		
context of their research		
Monitoring the process	Possible risks	How validated / risk minimised
The Research and Digital		-
Resources Librarian oversees the		
process of deposit into STORE		
A monthly report is compiled of		
the previous months deposits to		
ensure RIIS, UoA leads and the		
researchers themselves are aware		
of any issues and these can be		
dealt with in a timely manner		
Any issues (such as spikes in lack		
of compliance) are reported at		
the REF task and Finish group and		
to RIIS so that a plan of action can		
be taken		
STORE staff are encouraged to		
alert the Research and Digital		
Resources Librarian to any issues		
with denocite in the review area		
with deposits in the review area		
with deposits in the review area of STORE so they can be dealt with in a timely manner		

Communication with Researchers

f. Communication strategies with	Possible risks	How validated / risk minimised
authors regarding policy		
requirements.		
Internal Social media (Workvivo)		
is used to promote the deposit of		
research outputs into STORE and		
to advocate the importance of		
deposit of research, OA REF 2021		
and beyond		
Desktop tile adverts		
The STORE team has a dedicated		
Lib guide for Research Publishing,		
STORE and OA which contains		
useful information regarding		
STORE deposit, REF 2021.		
Communication about deposit		
requirements		
Communication about exceptions		
Communication to School		
Academic committees		
External social media platforms		
(Facebook / Twitter)		

Risk assessment

g. An assessment of risks in the management of open access (for example poor data collection, and inconsistent application of exceptions), and appropriate mitigations that the HEI has put in place.	How validated / risk minimised
Incorrect data entry in research outputs deposited in STORE	 STORE Team check each deposit following procedure Deposits are then QC'd Deposit is returned to depositor where applicable to amend
Compliance and Exceptions	 Monthly report run and sent to RIIS / UoA leads to disseminate and pick up on any queries / trends regarding compliance Desktop advertising image used on a regular basis to promote Timely STORE deposit for REF Where an item is non-compliant the STORE team will work with the authors to resolve the issue if possible.

Reporting

h. Processes for producing management information and/or reporting.	Possible risks	How validated / risk minimised
A monthly compliance report is disseminated to RIIS		
Reporting is completed for RIIS for outputs potentially to be included in the REF submission		
Reporting is compiled on request for individuals and departments Dashboard		

Appendix

i. Exceptions guidance for Staffordshire University Researchers

Overview of compliance

To be compliant with the REF OA policy outputs will need to be deposited as soon after the point of acceptance as possible, and no later than three months after this date (as given in the acceptance letter or email from the publication to the author) from 1 April 2018.

Authors should ensure that their outputs which fall within the scope of the REF Open Access policy meet the requirements of the policy if they are to be eligible for REF submission. In certain circumstances it is understood that it is has not been possible to meet the compliance requirements of the policy. The policy does in these circumstances allow for a number of exceptions to be applied where relevant.

How to apply an exception

These exceptions are listed within this guide.

If possible authors should indicate a possible exception when they add their publication to STORE - please email the STORE team with the relevant evidence / supporting statement. For publications already added to STORE please also contact the STORE team with the information. Email: store@staffs.ac.uk

Overview of the exceptions (see individual sections for more details)

Deposit exceptions

The following exceptions deal with cases where the output is unable to meet the deposit requirements. In the cases listed, the output will not be required to meet any of the open access criteria (deposit, discovery or access requirements). However, Staffordshire University authors are expected to ensure their article is made open access wherever possible, in line with both the REF the university's open access policy.

Access exceptions

The following exceptions deal with cases where deposit of the output is possible, but there are issues to do with meeting the access requirements. In the following cases, the output will still be required to meet the deposit and discovery requirements, but not the access requirements. A closed-access deposit, where allowed, will be required.

Technical and other exceptions

The following exceptions deal with cases where an output is unable to meet the criteria due to a technical issue. In the following cases, the output will not be required to meet the open access criteria (deposit, discovery or access requirements).

Two further exceptions to the policy are outlined under this section.

EXCEPTION	EVIDENCE REQUIRED FOR AUDIT	EXAMPLE TEXT WHICH COULD BE PROVIDED AS SUPPORTING EVIDENCE BY AUTHOR / UoAs	Notes re: evidence required	WHO IS RESPONSIBLE FOR IDENTIFYING IF APPLICABLE
252.a . At the point of acceptance, it was not possible to secure the use of a repository	Descriptive explanation of situation and difficulties encountered required, and where applicable data held as evidencing use of this exception must respect individual's privacy.		We cannot foresee circumstances in which a Staffordshire University author would apply this exception. See also exceptions 38c (not employed at a UK HEI at time of submission), 40a (not employed at Staffordshire University at time of acceptance) or 40b (technical failure prevented deposit)	Staffordshire University author of output
252.b. There was a delay in securing the final peer-reviewed text (for instance, where a paper has multiple authors).	Descriptive explanation of difficulties encountered required, and where applicable data held as evidencing use of this exception must respect individual's privacy.	The corresponding author ([insert author name], [insert author ORCID if known]), of the article ([insert DOI]) did not provide me with a copy of the accepted manuscript to deposit in STORE within the required deposit timeframe. [If applicable:] The corresponding author has ensured that this met the REF OA requirements and the output is available from repository [insert repository name], and was deposited there on [insert date].		Staffordshire University author of output
252.c. The staff member to whom the output is attributed was not employed on a Category A eligible contract by a UK HEI (defined in paragraphs 52 to 63) at the time of submission for publication.	Evidence of submission date if available (e.g. from publisher website). Evidence that author was not employed by submitting HEI at that point.	This article was originally submitted to the journal on [insert date here]. I was not employed by Staffordshire University University at that time, and I confirm I was employed by [insert employer and country] at this time.		Staffordshire University author of output Employment dates at Staffordshire University will be determined within the REF database.
252. d. It would be unlawful to deposit, or request the deposit of, the output.	Reasonable and descriptive explanation of difficulties encountered (where lawful to collect and record). Note, that this exception cannot be used where a journal's open access policy prohibits the article form meeting the REF requirements, or where the inclusion of third party copyright prevents access to an output. These are covered by other exceptions.	It would be unlawful to deposit this output because [insert reasons here]	NOTE: It is unlikely that this exception will apply to the vast majority of journal articles and conference papers, which will be published and in the public domain in any case. See also exceptions 39b and 39c, where the self-archiving permissions granted to an author by a journal do not meet the requirements of REF OA policy, but this was the most appropriate journal for the article to have been published in.	Staffordshire University author of output & the submitting UoA
252.e. Depositing the output would present a security risk.	Reasonable and descriptive explanation of difficulties encountered (where lawful to collect and record).	Depositing this output would constitute a security risk because [insert reasons here]	NOTE: It is unlikely that this exception will apply to the vast majority of journal articles and conference papers, which will be published and in the public domain in any case. See also exceptions 39b and 39c, where the self-archiving permissions granted to an author to not meet the requirements of REF OA policy but this was the most appropriate journal for the article to have been published in.	Staffordshire University author of output & the submitting UoA

EXCEPTION	EVIDENCE REQUIRED FOR AUDIT	EXAMPLE TEXT WHICH COULD BE PROVIDED AS SUPPORTING EVIDENCE BY AUTHOR / UGAS	Notes re: evidence required	WHO IS RESPONSIBLE FOR IDENTIFYING IF APPLICABLE
253. a. The output depends on the reproduction of third-party content for which open access rights could not be granted (either within the specified timescales, or at all)	Descriptive explanation of situation and difficulties encountered, where it is not obvious that the output depends on third-party material.	This output contains third party copyright material. Whilst permission was granted to include this within the published version of the article accessible by subscribers only, permission was not granted for deposit in an open access repository. The inclusion of this third party copyrighted material is fundamental to the understanding of the output, and so provision of access to the article as a whole has not been possible.		Staffordshire University author of output Authors are advised to contact the STORE team if they believe this exception may apply.
253.b. The publication concerned requires an embargo period that exceeds the stated maxima, and was the most appropriate publication for the output.	Short explanation confirming that as the author, this journal was the most appropriate venue for publishing your research. Author's are expected to be aware of the requirements of their funder's and the REF Open Access policy, and to take these into account alongside other factors in deciding where is the most appropriate venue to publish their research. The choice of where to publish research outputs remains the choice of the author. Guidance on selecting a journal in your subject area, and information on the open access permissions individual journals might offer, can be sought from your School.	As the author, I confirm this was the most appropriate journal in which to publish this article. Other options which do meet the REF Open Access policy requirements were considered, but were deemed not to be the most appropriate venue to reach the most appropriate audience for this research.		Staffordshire University author of output Authors are advised to contact the STORE team if they are unsure if this exception may apply.
253.c. The publication concerned actively disallows open-access deposit in a repository, and was the most appropriate publication for the output.		As the author, I confirm this was the most appropriate journal in which to publish this article. Other options which do meet the REF Open Access policy requirements were considered, but were deemed not to be the most appropriate venue to reach the most appropriate audience for this research.		Staffordshire University author of output Authors are advised to contact the STORE team if they are unsure if this exception may apply.

EXCEPTION	EVIDENCE REQUIRED FOR AUDIT	EXAMPLE TEXT WHICH COULD BE PROVIDED AS SUPPORTING EVIDENCE BY AUTHOR / UoAs	Notes re: evidence required	WHO IS RESPONSIBLE FOR IDENTIFYING IF APPLICABLE
254. a. At the point of acceptance, the staff member to whom the output is attributed was employed at a different UK HEI, and it has not been possible to determine compliance with the criteria.	Evidence that author was not employed by submitting HEI on the date of acceptance.	This article was originally accepted by the journal on [insert date here]. I was not employed by Staffordshire University at that time. I was employed at [INSERT INSTITUTION NAME HERE]		Staffordshire University author of output Employment dates will be determined within the REF database.
254. b. The repository experienced a short-term or transient technical failure that prevented compliance with the criteria (this should not apply to systemic issues).	Reasonable and descriptive explanation of technical failure.		N/A - If this exception is selected by an author, this will be confirmed against system logs to confirm it matches a period where access was lost for an extended period whihc prevented meeting the REF OA requirements.	Library/Digital Services to evidence
254.c. An external service provider failure prevented compliance (for instance, a subject repository did not enable open access at the end of the embargo period, or a subject repository ceased to operate).	Reasonable and descriptive explanation of external service failure.		Please detail what the external service provider is, and why you believe they failed to meet the requirements. Please contact the library for advice if required.	Staffordshire University author of output

255. Two further exceptions to the policy are outlined below:

EXCEPTION	EVIDENCE REQUIRED FOR AUDIT	EXAMPLE TEXT WHICH COULD BE PROVIDED AS SUPPORTING EVIDENCE BY AUTHOR / UOAS		WHO IS RESPONSIBLE FOR IDENTIFYING IF APPLICABLE
where an output is unable to meet the criteria	A short written explanation for why the output could not meet the open access requirements at the point of submission to the REF		Please provide details to explain why this output did not meet the requirements. If these are related to any personal or private circumstances, please discuss with the REF Team or your assigned Unit of Assessment.	Staffordshire University author of output